

A Model Scheme to Solarize & Ensuring Reliable Daytime Power Supply to Rural Households through Community Solarization Mechanism



Existing Scenario of Rooftop Solar & Challenges

- ❖GOI, on 19th February 2019 approved RTS Phase II of 'Grid Connected Rooftop and Small Power Plants Program'
- ❖Distribution Companies of Odisha has received the allocation order of 20 MW (05 MW each)

CFA to Residential Individual House Holds

Project Capacity	Applicable CFA
1-3 kW	Rs. 18,000/kW
Above 3-10 kW	Rs. 9,000/kW

CFA to Resident Welfare Association /Group Housing Society (RWA/GHS)

Project Capacity	Applicable CFA
For Common facility up to 500kW	Rs. 9,000/kW

- ✓ RTS Phase II:
 - A. Implementing Agency: Respective DISCOMs
 - B. Domestic Electricity Consumer can avail Subsidy
- ✓ Challenges in the Existing scheme:
 - A. Rural homes are less interested in Rooftop Solar Financial constraints, low & subsidized electricity tariffs

& sur	& subsidized electricity tariffs.					
RTS	Progress till date	in Odisha under Subsidy Sc	heme			
Sr No	Discom	No of Installations	Capacity (MW)			
1	TPCODL	70	0.276			
2	TPNODL	35	0.104			
3	TPSODL	38	0.136			
4	TPWODL	18	0.086			
5	Total	161	0.602			

PM – Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana

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Announced by the Hon'ble Prime Minister on 13.02.2024 aims to solarize one (01) crore households in India.

Subsidy for residential households

Rs. 30,000/- per kW up to 2 kW

Rs. 18,000/- per kW for additional capacity up to 3 kW

Total Subsidy for systems larger than 3 kW capped at Rs 78,000

State's Regulations/ Guidelines:

- 1. OERC Net Metering Regulation Dated: 19.08.2016
- OERC Net Metering Regulation amended: 05.05.2022 (VNM & GNM).
- 3. OERC Order dated 23.02.2023 regarding SoP of Solar Net Metering, Gross Metering, VNM & GNM.
- . Odisha RE Policy- 2022

MNRE allowed Subsidy to Rural Households under VNM mechanism as per RTS scheme



Why DISCOM

DISCOM's Difficulties & Scope in Rural Segment

Present Position of the DISCOMs in Rural Segment:

- ✓ High Distribution Loss
- ✓ Difficulties in MBC activity
- ✓ Effective Power Purchase cost is higher due to T&D Loss.
- ✓ Lower collection efficiency in Rural Area
- ✓ Loss of margin due to gap between Power Purchase and Realization

DISCOM Loss in Rural LT Segment					
Particulars	TPWODL 1	PCODL	TPNODL	TPSODL	
Each 100 unit of Sale in Rural Segment	100	100	100	100	
Distribution Loss (approved as per ARR FY-23-24)*	35%	24%	24%	26%	
For each 100 unit of Sale requirement of Power	135	124	124	126	
Power Purchase Cost per unit (Rs./kWh)	4.14	3.29	3.59	2.34	
Ultimate Power Purchase Cost (Rs.) to serve	558	410	447	295	
Avg. billing in Rs. with existing tariff	390	390	390	390	
Loss due to gap between Power Purchase and Billing (A)	168	20	57	-95	
Collection Efficiency of Rural Area (Assumed)	70%	75%	75%	80%	
Annual Loss in Rs. due to CE (B)	117.00	97.50	97.50	78.00	
Total loss (A+B)	284.69	117.02	154.34	-17.17	
Loss percentage upon ultimate Power Purchase Cost	51.05%	28.58%	34.54%	-5.82%	

^{*}Actual loss is higher

RTS adoption in Rural Segment is a Challenge:

- Financial constraints
- Low & subsidized electricity tariffs
- ❖ Installation & O&M Support thereof in Rural area
- ❖ Awareness

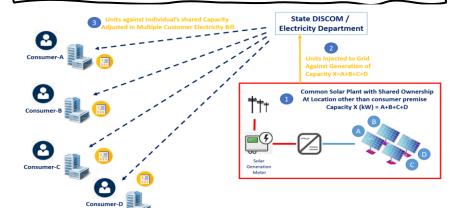
Why a Scheme is required for Rural Electricity Consumer:

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- Extending the Benefit of RTS in the Rural Area
- Reliable Power Supply to RHH

Embedded features in the proposed scheme:

- √ No investment required by Rural HH
- ✓ Free electricity up to the share of Subsidy
- ✓ DISCOM responsible for Installation & O&M thereof
- ✓ Saving in Power Purchase by DISCOM
- ✓ No Loss/Minimum Loss due to Generation at Consumer End.





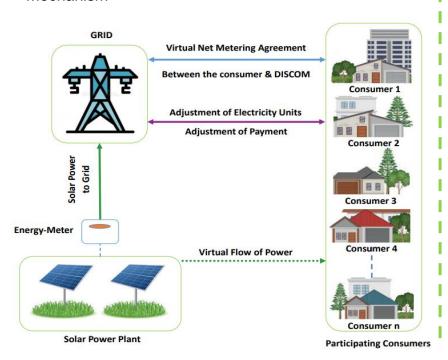
How it Works: Energy Accounting - VNM Mechanism & Pay Back

Proposed Scheme Design & How it Works



Allocation of Generated Energy:

Total Generated energy of the SPV plant will be adjusted through "Virtual Net Metering" VNM mechanism



Source of Funding for 1KWp SPV:

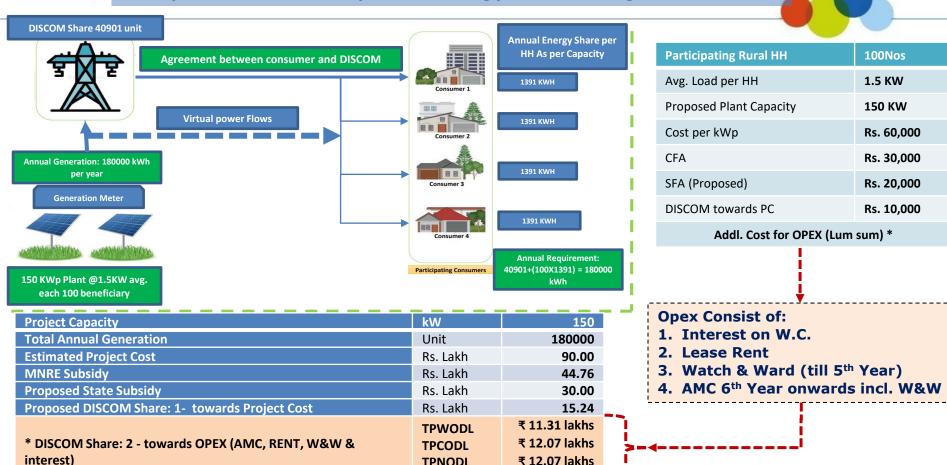
Per kWp Cost of SPV Plant : Rs. 60,000/-					
Stakeholder wise Contribution:					
Rural Consumer	MNRE	State Govt. (proposed)	DISCOM (Proposed)		
0	Rs. 30,000/- per kW	Rs. 20,000/- per kW	Rs. 10,000/- per kW		

Project Cost & Quantum of Generation:

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Project Capacity	kW	1
Total Annual Generation (4 unit/day/kW, Considered for		
300 days)	Unit	1200
Estimated Project Cost (60000 /kW)	Rs.	₹ 60,000.00
MNRE Subsidy	Rs.	₹ 30,000.00
Proposed State Subsidy	Rs.	₹ 20,000.00
Proposed DISCOM contribution (Total Proj Cost-		
CFA&SFA)/Shortfall	Rs.	₹ 10,000.00
Consumer Share out of Total Project Cost		83.33%
DISCOM/RESCO Share out of Total Project Cost		16.67%
Energy Share		
Consumer Share out of Total Generation	Unit	1000
DISCOM/RESCO Share out of Total Generation	Unit	200

Proposed Model Project & Energy Accounting Mechanism

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TPNODL TPSODL

₹ 14.36 lakhs

Allocation of Generated Energy

														Alle	
		Project C	anacity	2. Projec	ct Financin	a .		DISCOM addl. Invesm	nent towards OPEX				Consumer E	nergy Share	
		roject Ca	apacity (& Projec	t Fillancing	В	TPWODL	TPCODL	TPNODL	TPSODL		TPWODL	TPCODL	TPNODL	TPSODL
Consume r	CD/Plant Capacity in kW	Proposed		(Rs)	Project Cost (Rs.) @Rs. 55 per Wp		DISCOM Share towards OPEX (AMC, RENT, W&W & interest) (Rs.)	DISCOM Share towards OPEX (AMC, RENT, W&W & interest) (Rs.)	DISCOM Share towards OPEX (AMC, RENT, W&W & interest) (Rs.)	DISCOM Share towards OPEX (AMC, RENT, W&W & interest) (Rs.)	Total Generation (kWh) 4unit/ day/kWp for 300 days	Individual Annual Share (kWh)	Individual Annual Share (kWh)	Individual Annual Share (kWh)	Individual Annual Share (kWh)
1	1	20000	30000	50000	60000	10000						886	879	879	860
2	2	40000	60000	100000	120000	20000		1				1771	1758	1758	1719
3	3	60000	78000	138000	180000	42000	Interest Accrued up	Interest Accrued up	Interest Accrued up	Interest Accrued up		2657	2637	2637	2579
4	1	20000	30000	50000	60000	10000	to repayment @10%		to repayment @10%	to repayment @10%		886	879	879	860
5	2	40000	60000	100000	120000	20000	l		_			1771	1758	1758	1719
6	2	40000	60000	100000	120000	20000	Cost of Lease Rent & watch & ward	Cost of Lease Rent & watch & ward	Cost of Lease Rent	Cost of Lease Rent & watch & ward	180000	1771	1758	1758	1719
7	1	20000	30000	50000	60000	10000		@1.5Lakh/Year up to	& watch & ward	@1 5Lakh/Vear up to		886	879	879	860
8	2	40000	60000	100000	120000	20000	5Yr./ Loan repayment	5Yr./ Loan repayment	@1.5Lakh/Year up to 5Yr./ Loan	5Yr./ Loan		1771	1758	1758	1719
9	3	60000	78000	138000	180000	42000	period	period	repayment period	repayment period		2657	2637	2637	2579
10	1	20000	30000	50000	60000	10000	(3.81+7.5)= 11.31 Lakh)	(4.57+7.5)= 12.07 Lakh)	(4.57+7.5)= 12.07	(6.86+7.5)= 14.36 Lakh)		886	879	879	860
11-100*	132	2640000	3960000	6600000	7920000	1320000	Lakiij	Lakiij	Lakh)	Lakiij		116889	116016	116016	113475
			<u> </u>												
	150	3000000	4476000	7476000	9000000	1524000	1131000	1207200	1207200	1435800	· - ·180000	132828	131836	131836	128948
*Assumed	d load of Bal	lance 90 Co	nsumer		ŀ	Total Project Cost	10131000	-·-·- 10207200	· - · - · -10207200	-·-·-·10435800	. –				J

DISCOM Investment 1: towards Project Cost

DISCOM Investment 2: towards OPEX (AMC, RENT, W&W & interest)

Asset Ownership:

Solar plant is being funded through CFA, SFA and balance share (marginal cost) by DISCOMs under DSM, shall be **exclusively belonging to the community**.

To ensure the project's sustainability, the respective DISCOM will handle the O&M,W&W till lifetime of Project

Costs like lease rent, AMC, and insurance to be managed by DISCOMs for project sustainability.

DISCOM	TPWODL	TPCODL	TPNODL	TPSODL
Consumer Share (%)	73.79%	73.24%	73.24%	71.64%
DISCOM Share (%)	26.21%	26.76%	26.76%	28.36%
DISCOM Share (kWh)	47172	48164	48164	51052
	•			

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The share of energy generated will be utilized to cover Opex costs

DISCOM's Saving in Power Purchase & Payback Calculation

a)

b)

c)

DISCOM		UoM	TPWODL	TPCODL	TPNODL	TPSODL
Total Annual Generation from Proposed SP	unit	180000		180000		
Annual Energy Share of DISCOM (residual e		unit	47172		48164	
Saving in Power Purchase Cost from residual er	<u> </u>	Lakhs	1.95			
Saving due to sale of DISCOM share of energy (Lakhs	1.42	1.44	1.44	
Avoidable Energy Purchase (Present Power	purchase) (unit)	Unit	166035	164026	164022	1623
Cost of that Energy in Lakhs (C)		Lakhs	6.88	5.40	5.89	3
Total Annual Impact D=(A+B+C)		Lakhs	10.25	8.43	9.07	6
Less:-Existing level of Billing & Collection wl	1 - 1-1	3.63	3.86	3.86	4.	
energy to Consumers (E)	Lakhs					
Net Annual Savings F=D-E	Lakhs	6.62	4.57	5.21	2	
Share of DISCOM's Investment	Lakhs	₹ 15.24	₹ 15.24	₹ 15.24	₹ 15	
Opex Cost to be considered in Payback Cca	lculation					
Interest Accrued up to repayment @10% or	n reducing balance	Lakhs	₹ 3.81	₹ 4.57	₹ 4.57	₹6
Cost of Lease Rent & watch & ward up to 5t	h Year @1.5 Lakh/Year after 5th year	Lakha	∓ 7.50	₹ 7.F0	∓ 7 F0	= 7
will be cover through AMC	Lakhs	₹ 7.50	₹ 7.50	₹ 7.50	₹7	
Total cost G	Lakhs	₹ 26.55	₹ 27.31	₹ 27.31	₹ 29	
Payback period	Years	4.01	5.97	5.24	11	
After repayment of Principal Watch & Ward, LeaseRent & AMC shall be taken care out of Annual Saving as indicated as Annual impact						
<u>Challenges</u> Mitigation plan						

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180000 51052 1.20 1.53 162361 3.80 6.53 4.02

2.51 ₹ 15.24

> ₹ 6.86 ₹ 7.50

al cost G		Lakhs	₹ 26.55	₹ 27.31	₹ 27.31	₹ 29.60
pack period		Years	4.01	5.97	5.24	11.81
r repayment of Principal Watch & Ward, LeaseRent & AMC shall be taken care out of Annual Saving as indicated as Annual impact					it	
allenges	Mitigation plan					
Availability of Land/roof top	a) Option of Govt land shall private/beneficiary/beneficiaries land		se first. In nt basis.	absence	of same	govt land,
Selection of beneficiary	b) Beneficiary selection will be with approval of District administrationc) Cost of R&M including watch & ward to be met by reducing beneficiary share of power.					
Protection of solar plant	d) Night Surveillance with CCTV integration	on with DIS	COM Call Cente	er		



"Odisha's Rural Community Solarization Scheme"

Scheme Outline & Budgetary Plan

Scheme Outline

Title of the Scheme:	Solarisation of Rural Households through Community Solarization mechanism "Odisha Community Solarization Scheme"				
Name of the Implementing Agency	TPWODL, TPCODL, TPNODL, & TPSODL				
Total Cost of the Scheme	120 Cr for 20MW across the State				
Source(s) of financing the Scheme	MNRE, Govt. of Odisha & DISCOM				
Duration of the Scheme	FY 24-25				
Benefits of the Scheme	 Free (up to the share of Subsidy) & clean electricity to the Rural Households without any investment Contribution towards carbon neutrality More RE capacity addition to the state as per OREP-2022 Contribute towards RPO trajectory of Distributed RE Cross Subsidy quantum will be reduced & hence cost reflective tariff. DISCOM's Loss Reduction 				

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Scheme Outline

Target Beneficiary	Rural households* having connected Load/Sanction Load of 1 to 3 kW can enjoy the benefit of free electricity of 700 to 2100 unit per annum respectively till full life of the project.
*DISCOM will prepare the priority Network Condition & availability of L	list of rural Pockets considering the Field condition, Loss levels, and etc.
Limitation of CFA & SFA	Capacity Caping up to 3 kW per rural H/H
Land identification for project	DISCOM will explore all possibilities through mutual discussion with different stakeholders like local panchayat/block office/individual farmers/any person/persons interested in leasing out their unused land block for this purpose. For this purpose, offering appropriate will enhance the availability of suitable Land.
Proposed Lease Rent	Rs. 21000/- to Rs. 25000/- per Acer
Involvement of Local Bodies & Communities	During Selection of Beneficiary & Land Selection

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Scope & Budgetary Provisions



The scope of work includes the following

- Implementation of 20MW (5MW by each DISCOM) Distributed Renewable Energy Plants on behalf of Rural Households through community solarization mechanism
- 2. Distribution of Generated Energy to the Rural Households free of Cost through VNM.
- 3. DISCOMs to Install Operate & Maintain the Distributed SPVs till the lifetime of the project on behalf of participating Rural Households.

Financial Outlay

- MNRE CFA: CFA for 20 MW at Rs. 30,000 per kWp
- 1. Proposed Funding Components for rural households:
 - A. State Funding: For 20 MW at Rs. 20,000 per kWp
 - B. By DISCOMs: For 20 MW at Rs. 10,000 per kWp

Budgetary Provision DISCOM wise for 20MW in FY 24-25

DISCOM	Proposed Capacity	Central Financial Assistance (CFA)	Budgetary Provision		Total Rs. (Proposed SFA +	Grand Total Project Cost
	FY- 24-25 (in MW)	BY MNRE (Rs.30000/kW)	By State Govt (Rs.20000/kw)	By DISCOMs (Rs.10000/kw)	DISCOM contribution)	<u>Rs.*</u>
TPWODL	5	15 Cr.	10 Cr.	05 Cr.	15 Cr.	30 Cr.
TPCODL	5	15 Cr.	10 Cr.	05 Cr.	15 Cr.	30 Cr.
TPNODL	5	15 Cr.	10 Cr.	05 Cr.	15 Cr.	30 Cr.
TPSODL	5	15 Cr.	10 Cr.	05 Cr.	15 Cr.	30 Cr.
Total	20	60 Cr.	40 Cr.	20 Cr.	60 Cr.	120 Cr.*

DOE, GOO allocates a budgetary provision of Rs. 40.00 Cr. through resolution vide letter no 2695 on 12.03.2024



Implementation Plan

20 MW (5MW each DISCOM) DRE implementation in FY 25-26



Village Selection & Preparation of **Consumer List**

Land Identification

liasoning

identify

concern

Govt/Private/

Baren Land block in

first phase through

under Supervision

(for a cumulative

capacity of 1MW

SE/EE/SDO/ESO

of concern SF.

each Circle)

Connection Regularization and Consumer **List Finalization**

Tendering & Vendor Selection

Site Clearance **Project wise DPR** Installation and **0&M**

Selection of target villages/area and finalization of perspective list of rural consumers (for a cumulative capacity of 1MW each Circle) basing upon the loss level, Network Condition etc.

Concern SE/EE/SDO to take necessary towards steps conversion of 100% rural consumer of the target villages/area

with Survey by CMG concern PD/BDO to

> List of consumers and Load regularization if any

> On Spot Connection regularization

Open tendering process to he started on top priority for selection of Vendor tendering as per norms and placement of LOA

HO/TO Land formalities

Site Handing over

Project Specific DPR Preparation

Approval of the Project DPR

AMC & Watch and Ward by Vendor till 5th year.

4-5 acre land required for 1 MW cumulative installation.



Risk Assessment















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Improper Site Assessment and Planning

Appropriate Vendor Selection to Ensure Quality of Work





Improper Site
Assessment and
Planning

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Wrong structural architecture and design

Appropriate Vendor Selection to Ensure Quality of Work



Structure failure is a major issue

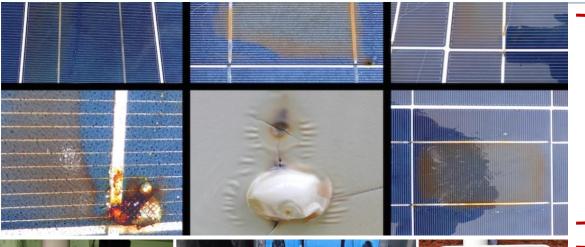
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Appropriate Vendor Selection to Ensure

Quality of Work







Poor quality modules







Ingression of water into switchgear

Implementation of Quality Assurance Mechanism from Scheme inception

WHY SOLAR PV SYSTEMS FAIL OR PERFORM POORLY?







Poor cleaning of modules

Regular inspection, Watch & Ward and monitoring to ensure Scheme
Sustainability



DC Arc is CAUSES OF FIRE IN A PV SYSTEM

Appropriate IP rated quality material /BOS/Inverter
Regular inspection and monitoring to ensure Scheme Sustainability

Causes of DC arc – Summary

- 1. Loos Joints due to poor Quality / Workmanship
- 2. Breakdown of insulation system:
- Insulation degradation over time due to UV exposure
- Insulation cracking over time due to changes in temperature (hot – cold)
- Degradation of insulation due to aging
- Damage to insulation by rodents, insects, birds
- Damage to insulation during installation
- Damage to insulation by future works
- Water ingress to cables, conduits.
- Water ingress to DC isolators from poor installation
- Water ingress to DC isolators due to degradation of seals over time
- Water ingress to inverter
- Water ingress to solar module or junction box

Damaged DC cable and connector

Fire in combiner box and inverter

Regular inspection and monitoring to ensure Scheme Sustainability



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Loose connection at module junction box & connector And poor workmanship







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Regular inspection and monitoring to ensure Scheme Sustainability

Risks at different phases of PV project development



Preparation Phase Development Phase Engineering Procurement and Construction Phase

Operation and Maintenance Phase

- Physical site survey and assessment
- Accurate planning
- Analyse risks and challenges for project lifetime

- Configure system and project design based on site parameters
- Select quality equipment based on site parameters
- Relevant standards are followed in design and installation including BoS and accessories, workmanship
- Third party QA

- Ensure O&M is adequate and appropriate
- Use of demineralised water and proper cleaning tools
- Theft
- Insurance cover

Regular inspection and monitoring of the Plant is essential
Engagement of Watch & Ward personnel effectively for 24X7 plant upkeeping and
regular cleaning

Appropriate insurance coverage as per MNRE circular

Nighttime surveillance through common call center by Artificial Intelligence, CCTV

integration & PA system

Risks at different phases of PV project development





Miscellaneous



OPEX Cost:

Interest on Loan to be taken by DISCOMs for Capital investment.

Lease Rent (if any)

Watch & Ward (till 5th Year)

AMC 6th Year onwards incl. Watch & Ward, insurance

System Augmentation Cost

Cost towards training & capacity building

Cost of Awareness Campaign

Cost towards Communication facilities, Online Portal, ERP, Mobile App Development etc.

Scheme Benefits



Benefits to Rural Consumer:-

- a) No need to invest a single rupee
- b) Free electricity almost more than 100 units per month (Subject to Solar plant size and no of beneficiary)
- c) Benefit to Landowner/owners out of lease rent
- d) Reliable power supply

Benefit to Govt:

- a) No direct subsidy is required
- b) Beneficiaries will get free electricity up to 100 units if Govt desires to extend SFA in line with CFA (MNRE)
- c) Contribution towards carbon neutrality

Other High end Consumer:-

Cross Subsidy quantum will be reduced & hence cost reflective tariff

Benefit to other

GRIDCO:

- a) Burden on power sourcing will be reduced.
- b) Contribute towards RPO



Individual Mode

PM Surya Ghar: Important web links

National Portal for Rooftop Solar:

https://pmsuryaghar.gov.in/

Solar Rooftop Calculator:

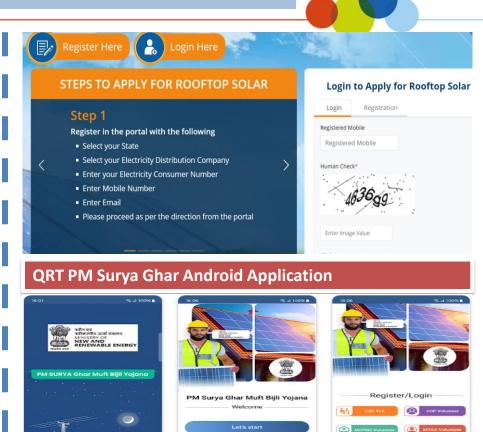
https://pmsuryaghar.gov.in/rooftop_calcul
ator

List of Empanelled Vendors:

https://pmsuryaghar.gov.in/VendorList/sta tewiseVendor

Stepwise Procedure & Registartion:

https://pmsuryaghar.gov.in/consumerRegi stration



Prayer



- L. Approve the above proposed community solarisation project in rural area as per the aforesaid detailed mechanism under Demand Side Management (DSM) and recognise the cost of DISCOM share in the ARR along with Opex cost.
- 2. Allow DISCOM to treat the DISCOM share of Energy as input.
- 3. Allow DISCOMs to incur the cost of System Augmentation (if any) which shall be covered under CAPEX of the DISCOM.
- 4. MNRE is also requested to consider CFA in line with PM Surya Ghar scheme and remit directly to the DISCOM on behalf of the beneficiary
- 5. To accord any other direction the Hon'ble Commission may deems fit.

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